



Railroad Safety Advisory Committee



Fatigue Working Group Update

TO

The 48th Railroad Safety Advisory Committee Meeting

Washington, DC
June 14, 2013



Background

- Established December 8, 2011
- Purpose: To provide advice regarding development of implementing regulations for Fatigue Management Plans and their deployment under the Rail Safety Improvement Act of 2008 (Act).



Meetings

- March 27, 2012
 - Highlights presented at April 2012 RSAC meeting
 - June 12, 2012
 - July 10, 2012
 - August 28, 2012
- Highlights presented at September 2012 RSAC meeting
- January 24 and 25, 2013
 - April 2 and 3, 2013
 - June 11 and 12, 2013



January 24 and 25, 2013 Meeting Highlights



- AAR presentation on Scheduling
 - FRA presentation on Sleep Disorders
 - Union Pacific presentation on their fatigue management program
-



April 2 and 3, 2013 Meeting Highlights



- Discussion of Regulatory Framework
 - Definitions
 - Program requirements
 - Plan requirements



June 11 and 12, 2012 Meeting Highlights



- Presentation by David Nash on PRISM: predictive risk intelligent safety module
 - Draft rule text
 - Discussion of economic impacts
 - Task Force Reports and deliverables
-



Training and Education TF Highlights



- Focus: Safety related employee education
 - Scope (approved by WG June 12, 2012)
 - Determine industry and scientific resources available
 - Dissemination strategies
 - Deliverables: (dates presented to WG in parentheses)
 - “Fatigue 101” training (July 10, 2012)
 - Training Topics paper (June 11, 2013)
 - Dissemination and evaluation strategies (June 11, 2013)
 - Fatigue mitigation toolkit (June 11, 2013)
 - Summary of existing railroad & external resources (TF review June 7, 2013)
-



Infrastructure and Environment Task Force Highlights



- Developed Consensus Guidelines for two of 3 focus areas
 - Effects on employee fatigue of responses to emergency situations.
 - Conditions associated with lodging facilities selected by carriers for employee rest.
 - Consensus Guideline for dispute resolution process for this subject also developed
- Developed White paper discussing issues for third focus area, presented at WG meeting on June 12.
 - The effects of vibration and temperature extremes on fatigue.



Scheduling TF Highlights



- Developed proposed list of deliverables
 - Developed draft table of contents
 - Presented to WG on 7/10 and 8/28
 - Further TF activities suspended while full WG addresses major issues of concern
 - FRA submitted draft scheduling document for WG discussion June 12, 2013
-



Upcoming Activities



- Next WG meeting September 10 & 11

COMMENTS? QUESTIONS?

BACKGROUND SLIDES



Task Statement Description



- Review the mandates and objectives of the Act related to the development of Fatigue Management Plans
 - Determine how medical conditions that affect alertness and fatigue will be incorporated
 - Review available data on existing alertness strategies
 - Consider the role of innovative scheduling practices
 - Review the existing data on fatigue countermeasures
-



Task Statement Issues Requiring Specific Report



- How will compliance and program efficacy be evaluated and monitored?
 - How will training and educational requirements be determined?
 - What processes should be in place in the event a Fatigue Management Plan is not approved?
 - What processes will be used to periodically audit Fatigue Management Plans after they have been approved?
-



Training and Education Task Statement



- Employee education and training on the physiological and human factors that affect fatigue
 - Medical and scientific research-based fatigue mitigation strategies
 - Opportunities for identification, diagnosis, and treatment of any medical condition that may affect alertness or fatigue, including sleep disorders
 - Methods to minimize accidents and incidents during circadian low periods
 - Alertness strategies
-



Scheduling Task Statement



- Innovative scheduling practices
 - On duty call practices
 - Work and rest cycles
 - Increased consecutive days off
 - Other aspects of employee scheduling that would reduce employee fatigue and cumulative sleep loss
 - The increase of the number of consecutive hours of off-duty rest
 - Avoidance of abrupt changes in rest cycles for employees
-



Infrastructure and Environment Task Statement



- Effects on employee fatigue of an employee's short term or sustained response to emergency situations
 - Opportunities to obtain restful sleep at lodging facilities
 - Effects of environmental conditions (e.g. temperature, vibrations, etc.) on employee fatigue
 - Effects on fatigue of requiring very long commutes on rest days
-